

Updated Mpox Specimen Collection Instructions for Rhode Island State Health Laboratories (RISHL)

Please note important changes to mpox specimen collection and transport to RISHL:

- All specimens will be tested using the Cepheid Xpert Mpox RT-PCR Assay (under EUA).
- Nylon swab instead of Dacron swab.
- Swabs must be placed in viral or universal transport media rather than a dry tube.
- Only one swab per lesion is needed rather than two.*
- Healthcare facilities must supply their own specimen collection and transport materials.
- Facility is responsible for transporting specimens to the Rhode Island State Health Laboratories (RISHL).
- Calls to RIDOH for approval of specimen submission are limited to business hours.
- Specimen delivery to the RISHL and testing at the RISHL are limited to business hours.
- Improperly labeled specimens will be rejected by RISHL.

Specimens for mpox testing may be collected at any time, but submission to RISHL must be approved prior to specimen arrival.

- RIDOH can be reached Monday-Friday from 8:30 a.m.-4:30 p.m. at 401-222-2577.
- Specimens collected after hours should be held for delivery until the next business day.
- Calls to RIDOH for approval of specimen submission should occur during business hours.
- Patients being tested for mpox must isolate until test results are back.

Personal Protective Equipment

When collecting specimens for mpox testing, wear the following personal protective equipment:

- 1. Gloves
- 2. Disposable gown
- 3. Eye protection (face shield or goggles)
- 4. N95 mask (fit-tested, if possible)

Materials Needed for Specimen Collection and Transport

- 1. **2 nylon flocked swab** (Copan P/N 502CS01, or equivalent) with a plastic shaft (not wooden)
- 2. 2 tubes containing 3 mL viral transport media or universal transport media
- 3. 2 plastic specimen bags
- 4. Absorbent pad
- 5. Rhode Island State Health Laboratories (RISHL) requisition form
- 6. Ice pack (for transport)
- 7. Styrofoam box (for transport)
- 8. Cardboard box (for transport)

Specimen Collection Preparation:

- 1. Label all tubes as follows:
 - a. Patient Name

- b. Date of Birth
- c. Date of Collection
- d. Vesicle Location
- 2. Complete Rhode Island State Health Laboratories (RISHL) requisition form:
 - a. All patient information fields
 - b. Provider and facility information if applicable
 - c. Collection date
 - d. Specimen source (vesicle)
 - e. Vesicle location
 - f. In comments section write "Mpox PCR"

Mpox Specimen Collection Instructions

- 1. Two lesions should be sampled, preferably from different locations on the body or from lesions that differ in appearance.*
- 2. Do NOT unroof the lesion.
- 3. Swab the lesion vigorously to collect adequate DNA using a nylon flocked swab.

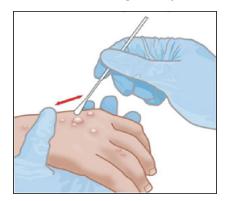


Figure 1. Lesion Swab Collection. Illustration courtesy of Cepheid Xpert Mpox EUA

- 4. Place the swab in a properly labeled tube containing 3 mL of VTM or UTM and break off the end of the shaft.
- 5. Each swab should be in its own tube do not pool specimens.
- 6. Place tube in plastic bag.
- 7. Repeat on a second lesion.
- 8. Place RISHL requisition form on the outside pocket of one of the two bags.
- 9. Although swabs should be transported to RISHL as soon as possible, lesion swab specimens can be stored refrigerated (2–8 °C) up to seven days in viral transport medium.
- 10. The collecting facility is responsible for specimen transportation.
- 11. This is a **Category B Specimen** and should be transported in the following packaging:
 - a. Specimen tubes must be in plastic bags
 - b. Place specimen bags on top of frozen ice pack in Styrofoam container.
 - c. Place Styrofoam container inside cardboard box.
 - d. Label cardboard box: Hazardous Material Category B Specimen
- 12. Specimens should be transported to the loading dock at 50 Orms Street in Providence, Monday-Friday between 8:30 a.m. and 4:30 p.m. only. Specimens collected after hours should be held at the collecting facility until the next business day.

^{*} If travel history puts Clade I mpox on the differential, then collect **two dry swabs per lesion** and put each swab into a separate properly labeled tube **without** transport media.